Lesson 9-1 Homework Questions, part 2

Answer the following questions.
Fill in the chart (Page 293).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Roman view of government</th>
<th>German view of government</th>
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1. How did education change during the Middle Ages? (Page 293)

2. What happened to Europe as trade disappeared? (Page 293)

3. Which institution survived the fall of Rome? What factors helped to spread Christianity? (Page 293)

4. Identify the achievements of the following leaders. (Page 294)
   - Clovis: ______________________
   - Charles Martel: _______________
   - Pepin the Short: ______________

5. How did Charlemagne build a European empire? (Page 294)

6. What happened to Christianity under Charlemagne’s rule? (Page 294)

7. Why were monasteries important to Christianity? (Page 295)

Charlemagne wanted to facilitate the spread of Christianity. To do this, he needed educated clergy, a rarity in a kingdom that largely illiterate. In an effort to improve this, Charlemagne brought in Alcuin, an Anglo-Saxon scholar, and other scholars. They set up a court library, containing the works of both Christian and classical writers. They established school for clergy and Frankish nobility.