CHAPTER 4 LESSON 2 A Golden Age in the East

Reteaching Activity

READING COMPREHENSION
Choose the word or words that most accurately complete each sentence below. Write each word in the blanks provided. Some words may not be used.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Word</th>
<th>Word</th>
<th>Word</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>al-Kwharizmi</td>
<td>Damascus</td>
<td>golden age</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>carpets</td>
<td>calligraphy</td>
<td>perfumes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baghdad</td>
<td>Qur’an</td>
<td>quatrain</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ibn Sina</td>
<td>Fatimids</td>
<td>Omar Khayyam</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. To add to their strength, the Abbasids built a huge ________________________.
2. The Abbasids moved their capital city from ________________________ to ________________________ to be closer to their most loyal supporters.
3. Baghdad became one of the world’s leading ________________________.
4. Craftworkers in Baghdad produced ________________________ and ________________________, which received top prices in world markets.
5. A ________________________ is a period during which a culture is at its peak.
6. The ________________________ was an artistic design that featured the intertwined stem, leaves, and flowers of a plant.
7. The art of fine handwriting practiced by many Muslim artists is called ________________________.
8. The Arabic language was important to Muslims because it was the language of the ________________________.
9. A poetic form that was popular in Persia was the ________________________.
10. ________________________, the Persian-born poet wrote the Rubaiyat, was also a great mathematician.
11. ________________________ was a Persian doctor who wrote a detailed and extensive medical work that served as a reference book for more than 600 years.